



270350 T1-60S

Single Functional

General

Auxilary Contacts

Time Range

Order Number	270 350		
Casing Width (mm)	17,5		
Connections	Screw Terminal		
Functions	ND		
Type of Output	Relay		
Adjustment of Timing-1 & Timing-2	_		
Lux Adjustment Rate	_		
Sensitivity Adjusement Rate	_		
Supply Frequency	35-70 Hz		
Trigger Input Voltage	_		
Recovery Time	Maks. 100ms		
Protection Class	IP20		
Weight (g)	57		
Mounting Type	Panel & Rail		
Schematics			
Dimensions			
Туре	1 C/O (SPDT)		
Max. Ratings - AC (for NO side)	5A/250V; 1250VA		
Max. Ratings - DC (for NO side)	5A/30VDC; 150W		
Mechanical Lifetime	≥ 10 ⁷ operations		
Electrical Lifetime Operations (for NO side)	5x10 ⁴ (5A@250VAC) 1x 10 ⁵ (5A@30VDC)		
Timing-1	1s => 60s		

	Timing-2	_
Supply Voltage	DC	_
	AC	24-300VAC/DC
Ambient Conditions	Operating Temperature	-20 to + 60°C
	Storing Temperature	-40°C +75°C
	Relative Humidity (No Condensation)	Maks. 95%
Power Consumption	DC	<1.25W
	AC	<2.5VA
EMC-EMI	55011/A1, 61000-4-2, 61000-4-3/A1, 61000-4-4, 61000-4-5, 61000-4-6, 61000-4-8, 61000-4-11	1
Liquid Level Electrode	Definition	_
	Order Number	_
	Packing Units	1

UL Sertifikası - UL Certificate

UL Sertifikası - UL Certificate

Avrupa standartlarına uygunluk belgesi - CE Certificate

Order Info

270350 Single Functional

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Defining a timer in simple terms

A timer is an automation device that either keeps track of how much time has been spent doing something or that counts down a specified duration of time. After a predefined time has elapsed, the timer closes or opens its contact.

Which actions are executed?



A timer can be used to start an action according to a predefined time or stop an action over a period of time. It can also add delay an action. It allows to control applications with its trigger input as well.

Benefits and Advantages

- High accuracy and switching reliability
- Sensitive timing range from 0.1sec to 10days
- High mechanical endurance
- Multifunctional operating modes
- Trigger input
- High level of Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) i.e. maximum immunity to interferences.
- A widely range of power supply from (24 to 300VAC/DC)
- Sleek 17.5mm wide housing and compact design saves panel space.
- Perfect to fit in Modular Enclosure
- Protection against over voltage and reverse polarity
- Self-Extinguishing plastic housing

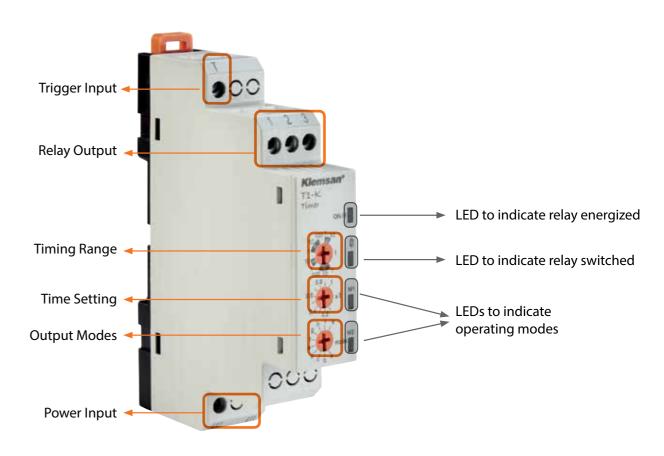
Mounting

Klemsan electronic timers are suitable for snap mounting onto 35 mm standards DIN rails.

Which markets are they used frequently?

- Industrial Machines
- Illuminating
- Construction industry
- HVAC systems
- Food and agriculture industry

Layout



T1-K Multifunctional Timer

Klemsan® Auton



Conveyor Control



Managing the operation of a conveyor belt based on the time interval between products on the belt.



T1 series

T1-Flash, T1-M4, T1-M5





Controls the direction of the motor's rotation.



Star-Delta Starter



Succesfull run-up for industrial motors with star-delta relay.

SD1

Motor Starter Relay



Smart Lighting

Controlling flashing on lighted signs.





Controlling Liquid Level in a Tank



It can be used to control the liquid level in a tank. Sensitivity resistance can be adjusted thus there is no need to change models to match different liquid types and concentrations.



Liquid Level Controller



Billboard and Street Lighting



Controlling billboards and street lights with the accurate and precise time thanks to photocell relay.



Photocell Relay PH1-20L



Managing maintenance of the power supply in the event of a

mains power failure, switching

on an external backup power

source for a given time.

Vending Machines

Remote Machinery Control



Automatic management of vending machines.



T1-K

Timer

T1 series



Packing Machine / System



Controlling heat sealing times on blister packs, packaging



T1-K, T1-M5, T1-M4

Klemsan®

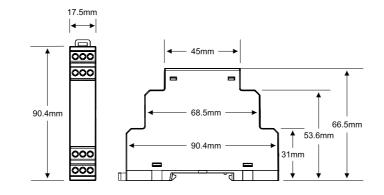
Automation Catalogue

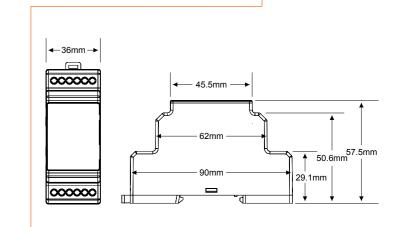
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Туре		T1-60S	T1-100S	T1-XS	T1-FLASH	T1-M4	Z1-M5	T1-M5	T1-K	T1-LR	SD1	PH1-20L	LC3
Timing Function		Single-functional	Single-functional	Single-functional	Single-functional	Multifunctional	Multifunctional	Multifunctional	Multifunctional	Single-functional	Single-functional	Single-functional	Single-functional
Definiton		On delay timer	On delay timer	On delay timer	Off flasher timer	Multimode timer	Multimode timer	Multimode timer	Multimode timer with trigger input	Left-right timer	Star-delta timer	Photocell relay with an external photocell sensor	Liquid level controller
Order Number		270350	270359	270357	270351	270355	270373	270353	270354	270356	270358	270050	270001
Casing Width(mm)		17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	36
Connections		Screw terminal											
Functions		ND	ND	XS	Foff	ND,FD,Fon,Foff	ND,FD,NFD, Fon,Foff	ND,FD,NFD, Fon,Foff	a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,k	LR	SD	PHL	LC
Type of Output		Relay	Two Relays	Two Relays	Relay	Relay							
	Туре	1 C/O (SPDT)	2 x C/O	2 x C/O	1 C/O (SPDT)	1 C/O (SPDT)							
	Max ratings-AC (for NO side)	5A/250V; 1250 VA											
Auxiliary contacts	Max ratings-DC (for NO side)	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W						
	Mechanical life time	≥ 10 ⁷ operations											
	Electrical life time operations (for NO side)	5×10 ⁴ (5A@250VAC) 1×10 ⁵ (5A@30VDC)											
Adjustment of Timi	ng-1 & Timing-2	-	-	-	independent	independent	dependent	dependent	-	independent	independent	independent	-
Time Range	Timing-1	1s =>60s	1s =>100s	1s =>2559s	0.1s =>10d	1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	1s =>30s	1s =>45s	0.1s =>1s
Tille halige	Timing-2	-	-	-	0.1s =>10d	1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	-	0.1s =>10d	20ms=>500ms	1s =>45s	-
Lux adjustment rar	nge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1-20Lux	-
Sensitivity adjustm	ent range	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5-100kΩ
	DC	24-300 VDC	24VDC	24-300 VDC	24-300 VDC	24-300 VDC	12VDC	24-300 VDC	24-300 VDC	24-300 VDC	-	24-300 VDC	-
Supply Voltage	AC	24-300 VAC	24VAC or 180- 265 VAC	24-300 VAC	24-300 VAC	24-300 VAC	12VAC or 180-265 VAC	24-300 VAC	24-300 VAC	24-300 VAC	150-500 VAC	24-300 VAC	150-500 VAC
Supply Frequency		35-70 Hz											
Trigger Input Volta	ge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24-300 VAC/DC	-	-	-	-
Permissible	During operation	-20 to +60 °C											
ambient temperature	During storage	-40 to +75 ℃	-40 to +75 °C	-40 to +75 °C	-40 to +75 ℃	-40 to +75 °C							
Relative Humidity		Max. 95% (no condensation)	Max. 95% (no condensation										
Recovery time		Max. 100ms											
Degree of protection		IP20											
Power	DC	<1.25W	<1W	<1.25W	-								
consumption	AC	<2.5VA	<13VA	<2.5VA	<7VA								
Weight(gr)		57	57	62	60	60	60	60	66	70	70	63	82

Klemsan® Automation Catalogue

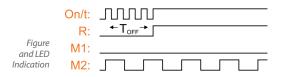
Туре		T1-60S	T1-100S	T1-XS	T1-FLASH	T1-M4	Z1-M5	T1-M5	T1-K	T1-LR	SD1	PH1-20L	LC3
Permissible mounting position		any	any	any	any	any	any	any	any	any	any	any	any
EMC-EMI	55011/A1, 61000-4-2, 61000-4-3/A1, 61000-4-4, 61000-4-5, 61000-4-6, 61000-4-8, 61000-4-11	ОК	OK	OK	OK	OK	-	OK	OK	ОК	ОК	ОК	OK
	Liquid Level Electrode Definiton	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Liquid Level probe for LC3
Accessories	Order Number	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	280610
	Packaging unit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 pc.
Sci	hematics	Auxiliary Output	Auxiliary Output 1 2 3 U1 U2 U3 Supply Voltage Option-1 (24 VDC) Supply Voltage Option-2 (180-265 VAC)	Auxiliary Output	Auxiliary Output	Auxiliary Output	Auxiliary Output 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 4 1 5 1 5 1 5	Auxiliary Output	Trigger Input Trigger Input Auxiliary Output 1 2 3	Auxiliary Output-1 1 2 3 Auxiliary Output-2 Output-2 Supply Voltage	Auxiliary Output-1 Auxiliary Output-2 Auxiliary Output-2 Output-2 Supply Voltage	Photocell Sensor Auxiliary Output Photocell Sensor Input U2 U1 Supply Voltage	Auxiliary Output A B © 2 1 3 Electrode Inputs Supply Voltage
											•		

Dimensional Drawings



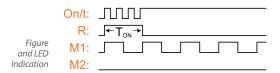


a & ND functions / On delay operation



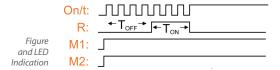
The output relay is initially de-energized and energized after an adjustable time delay, $t_{\rm off}$.

b & FD functions / Off delay operation



The output relay is initially energized and de-energized after an adjustable time delay, t_{on} .

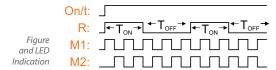
NFD function / On-Off delay operation



The output relay is initially de-energized and energized after an adjustable time delay, $t_{\rm off}$ and stays energized for an adjustable period, $t_{\rm on}$ and then de-energized.



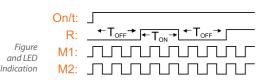
Fon function / On flasher operation



The output relay is initially energized and de-energized after an adjustable time delay, t_{on} and stays de-energized for an adjustable period, t_{off} and then energized. This loop is repeated until the device is powered off. "On/t" led flashes at Fon and Foff mode for "T1-M4" product.



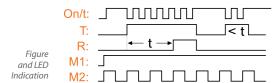
g and Foff functions / Off flasher operation



The output relay is initially de-energized and energized after an adjustable time delay, t_{off} and stays energized for an adjustable period, t_{on} and then de-energized. This loop is repeated until the device is powered off. "On/t" led flashes at Fon and Foff mode for "T1-M4" product.

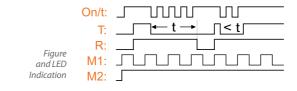


c function / On delay with control input



The output relay is initially de-energized. A contact closure on T contact triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which energizes the output relay when expired. The output relay stays energized as long as the T contact is active. Delay time, t, is cleared when the contact on T contact opens.

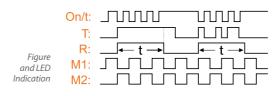
d function / Off delay with control input



The output relay is initially de-energized and energized when a contact closure on T contact is detected. A contact triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. Reclosure of the contact on T contact before the time delay is expired restarts time delay, t, and keeps the output relay energized.



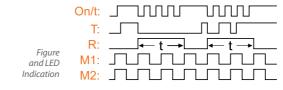
e function / Rising edge triggered off delay



The output relay is initially de-energized. A contact closure on T contact both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is instensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when time delay, t, expired.



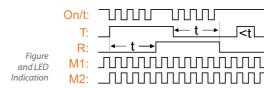
f function / Falling edge triggered off delay



The output relay is initially de-energized. A state change of the T contact from closed to open both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is insensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when time delay, t, expired.



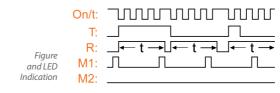
h function / On and off delay with control input



The output relay is initially de-energized. A contact closure on T contact triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which energizes the output relay when expired. Similarly contact release of T contact triggers the time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. Delay time, t, is cleared when the contact state of T contact changes.

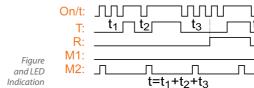


i function / Adjustable pulse output with control input



The output relay is initially de-energized. A state change on T contact both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which deenergizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is insensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when time delay, t, expired.

k function / On delay with memory

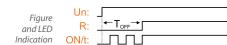


The output relay is initially de-energized. If T contact is open, adjustable time delay, t, counts down and output relay energizes when t is expired. Any contact closure on T contact pauses the count down process and the process continues when the contact release on T contact occurs. A contact release is needed to restart the cycle, after the output relay is energized.

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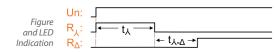
XS function / On delay adjustment for each second



T1-XS is an ON delay timer thet allows a sensitive time setting from 1 to 2559 seconds with 1 second increments. The output relay is initially deenergized and energized after the time delay t is expired.

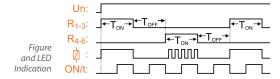


SD function / Star-Delta operation



When the energy applied to device, star relay is energized until the end of the adjustable t_{λ} time. At the end of the adjusted delay time $t_{\lambda-\Delta}$, delta relay is energized until the device is powered off.

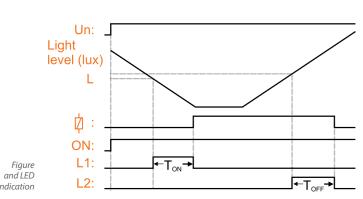
LR function / Left-Right operation



Initially first relay is energized. After the adjustable time delay $t_{\rm on}$, relay is de-energized. Both relays are de-energized during the adjustable time delay $t_{\rm off}$. At the end of $t_{\rm off}$, second relay energizes. Second relay stays in this position during $t_{\rm on}$. When $t_{\rm on}$ finished both relays are de-energized. This cycle is repeated continuously.

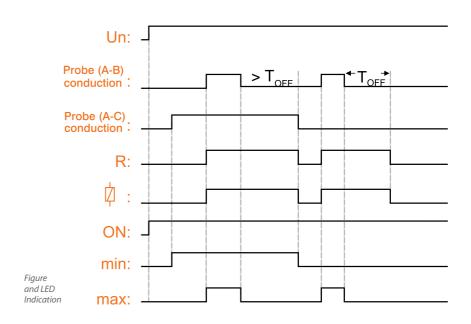


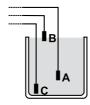
PHL function / Photocell operation



PH1-20L photocell relay measures the luminous intensity by means of a photocell sensor. On-off thereshold value is adjusted in the range of 1-20 lux, via the front adjustment dial. The output relay is energized when the ambient light level is below the adjusted limit. On and off delays are adjustable between 1 and 45 seconds, via the front panel knobs. On delay is adjusted by t_{off} knob, and off delay is adjusted by t_{off} knob.

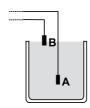
LC function / Liquid Level Operation





3 electrodes mode:

When the level of liquid in the tank reaches to electrode B, the output relay is activated and stays in this position even if the level drops below the electrode B level. The output relay is deactivated when the liquid level drops below the electrode A level. Re-activation occurs when the level reaches to the electrode B level.



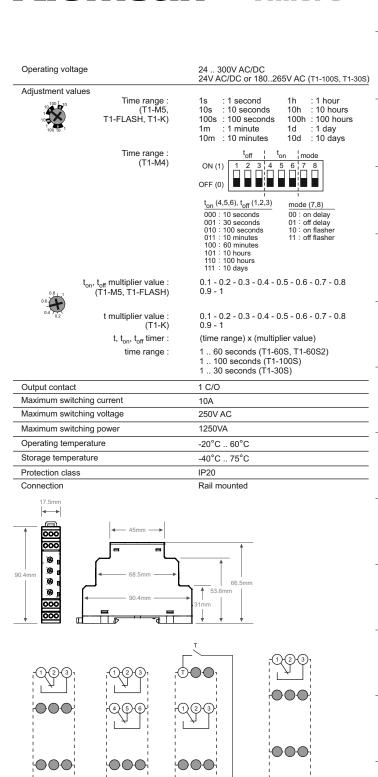
2 electrodes mode:

For 2 electrodes mode of operation, A and B electrodes are used. When level of liquid in the tank reaches to electrode B, output relay is activated. When the liquid level drops below electrode B and continually stays there for the adjustable time delay (adjusted on the front panel knob); output relay will be de-energized.

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Automation Catalogue

Klemsan® Timers



	control		time	
 type	input	mode	range	order no
T1-60S		ND	1 60sec	270 350
T1-FLASH		Foff	0.1sec 10days	270 351
T1-60S2		ND	1 60sec	270 352
T1-M5		ND,FD,NFD,Fon,Foff	0.1sec 10days	270 353
T1-K	✓	a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,k	0.1sec 10days	270 354
T1-M4		ND,FD,Fon,Foff	1sec 10days	270 355
T1-100S		ND	1 100sec	270 359
T1-30S		ND	1 30sec	270 363

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24..300V ac/dc

T1-K

24V ac/dc

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T1-100S, T1-30S

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24..300V ac/dc

T1-60S2

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24..300V ac/dc

T1-M5, T1-FLASH, T1-M4, T1-60S

OPERATION MODE	FUNCTION ILLUSTRATION	FUNCTION STATEMENT
on delay (mode: a, ND)	On/t:	The output relay is initially de-energized and energized after an adjustable time delay, t _a .
off delay (mode: b, FD)	On/t:	The output relay is initially energized and de-energized after an adjustable time delay, $t_{\mbox{\tiny br}}$.
on-off delay (mode: NFD)	On/t:	The output relays is initially de-energized and energized after an adjustable time delay, $t_{\rm en}$, and stays energized for an adjustable period, $t_{\rm en}$, and then de-energized.
on flasher (mode: Fon)	On/t: R: =T _{ON} *T _{OFF} * =T _{ON} *T _{OFF} * M1:	The output relays is initially energized and de- energized after an adjustable time delay, t _{en} , and stays de-energized for an adjustable period, t _{en} , and then energized. This loop is repeated until the device is powered off. "On/t" led flashes at Fon and Foff mode for "T1-M4" product.
off flasher (mode: g, Foff)	On/t: R:	The output relay is initially de-energized and energized after an adjustable time delay, t _{ar} , and stays energized for an adjustable period, t _{ar} , and then de-energized. This loop is repeated until the device is powered off. "On/t" led flashes at Fon and Foff mode for "T1-M4" product.
on delay with control input (mode: c)	On/t:	The output relay is initially de-energized. A contact closure on T contact triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which energizes the output relay when expired. The output relay stays energized as long as the T contact is active. Delay time, t, is cleared when the contact on T contact opens.
off delay with control input (mode: d)	On/t:	The output relay is initially de-energized and energized when a contact closure on T contact is detected. A contact release on T contact triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. Reclosure of the contact on T contact before the time delay is expired restarts time delay, t, and keeps the output relay energized.
rising edge triggered off delay (mode: e)	On/t:	The output relay is initially de-energized. A contact closure on T contact both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is insensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when time delay, t, expired.
falling edge triggered off delay (mode: f)	On/t:	The output relay is initially de-energized. A state change of the contact on T contact from closed to open both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is insensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when time delay, t, expired.
on and off delay with control input (mode: h)	On/t:	The output relay is initially de-energized. A contact closure on T contact triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which energizes the output relay when expired. Similarly contact release of T contact triggers the time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. Delay time, t, is cleared when the contact state of T contact changes.
adjustable pulse output with control input (mode: i)	On/t:	The output relay is initially de-energized. A state change on T contact both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is insensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when time delay, t, expired.
on delay with memory (mode: k)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	The output relay is initially de-energized. If T contact is open, adjustable time delay, t, counts down and output relay energizes when t is expired. Any contact closure on T contact pauses the count down process, and the process continues when the contact release on T contact occurs. A contact release is needed to restart the cycle, after the output relay is energized.

Warning: If adjustments are accomplished after Timer is turned on, operator should power down the device, wait at least 0.3 seconds and power up the device.