



## 270355 T1-M4

**Multi Functional Timer** 

#### General

	Order Number	270 355
	Casing Width (mm)	17,5
	Connections	Screw Terminal
	Functions	ND, FD, Fon, Foff
	Type of Output	Relay
	Adjustment of Timing-1 & Timing-2	Independent
	Lux Adjustment Rate	
	Sensitivity Adjusement Rate	
	Supply Frequency	35-70 Hz
	Trigger Input Voltage	
	Recovery Time	Maks. 100ms
	Protection Class	IP20
	Weight (g)	60
	Mounting Type	Panel & Rail
	Schematics	
	Dimensions	
Auxilary Contacts	Туре	1 C/O (SPDT)
	Max. Ratings - AC (for NO side)	5A/250V; 1250VA
	Max. Ratings - DC (for NO side)	5A/30VDC; 150W
	Mechanical Lifetime	≥ 10 <sup>7</sup> operations
	Electrical Lifetime Operations (for NO side)	5x10 <sup>4</sup> (5A@250VAC) 1x 10 <sup>5</sup> (5A@30VDC)
Time Range	Timing-1	1s => 10d

	Timing-2	1s => 10d
Supply Voltage	DC	24-300VDC
	AC	24-300VAC
Ambient Conditions	Operating Temperature	-20 to + 60°C
	Storing Temperature	-40°C +75°C
	Relative Humidity (No Condensation)	Maks. 95%
Power Consumption	DC	<1.25W
	AC	<2.5VA
EMC-EMI	55011/A1, 61000-4-2, 61000-4-3/A1, 61000-4-4, 61000-4-5, 61000-4-6, 61000-4-8, 61000-4-11	1
Liquid Level Electrode	Definition	
	Order Number	
	Packing Units	1

### UL Sertifikası - UL Certificate

UL Sertifikası - UL Certificate

Avrupa standartlarına uygunluk belgesi - CE Certificate

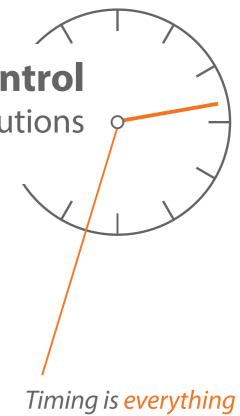
Order Info

270355 Multi Functional Timer

© 2019 Klemsan A.Ş. www.klemsan.com

# Time & ControlManagement Solutions $\gamma$





9



## **Defining** a timer in simple terms

A timer is an automation device that either keeps track of how much time has been spent doing something or that counts down a specified duration of time. After a predefined time has elapsed, the timer closes or opens its contact.



Layout

Klemsan electronic timers are suitable for snap mounting onto 35 mm standards DIN rails.

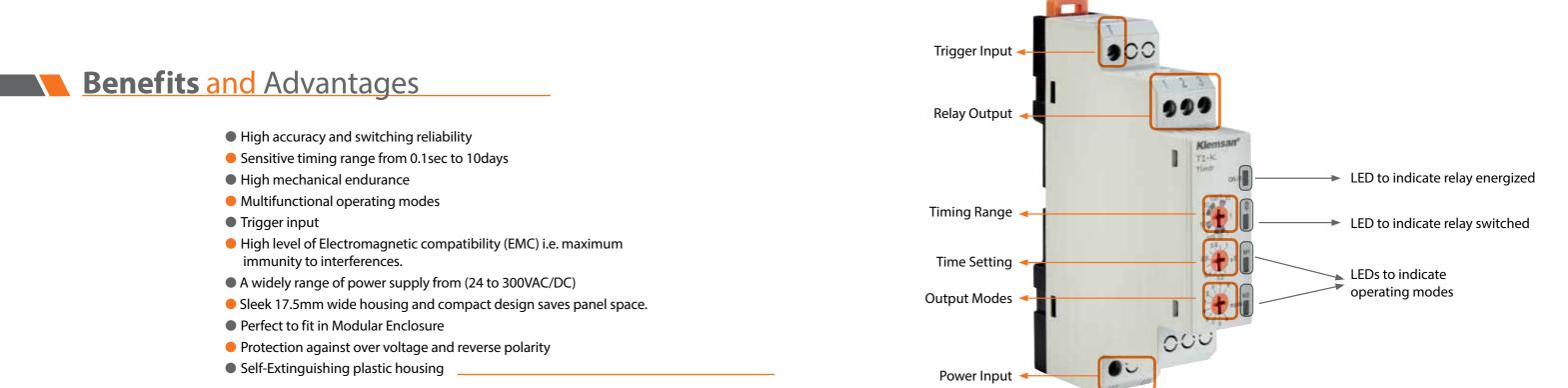
## Which markets are they used frequently?

- Industrial Machines
- Illuminating
- Construction industry
- HVAC systems
- Food and agriculture industry

# Starting Stopping Delaying Triggering

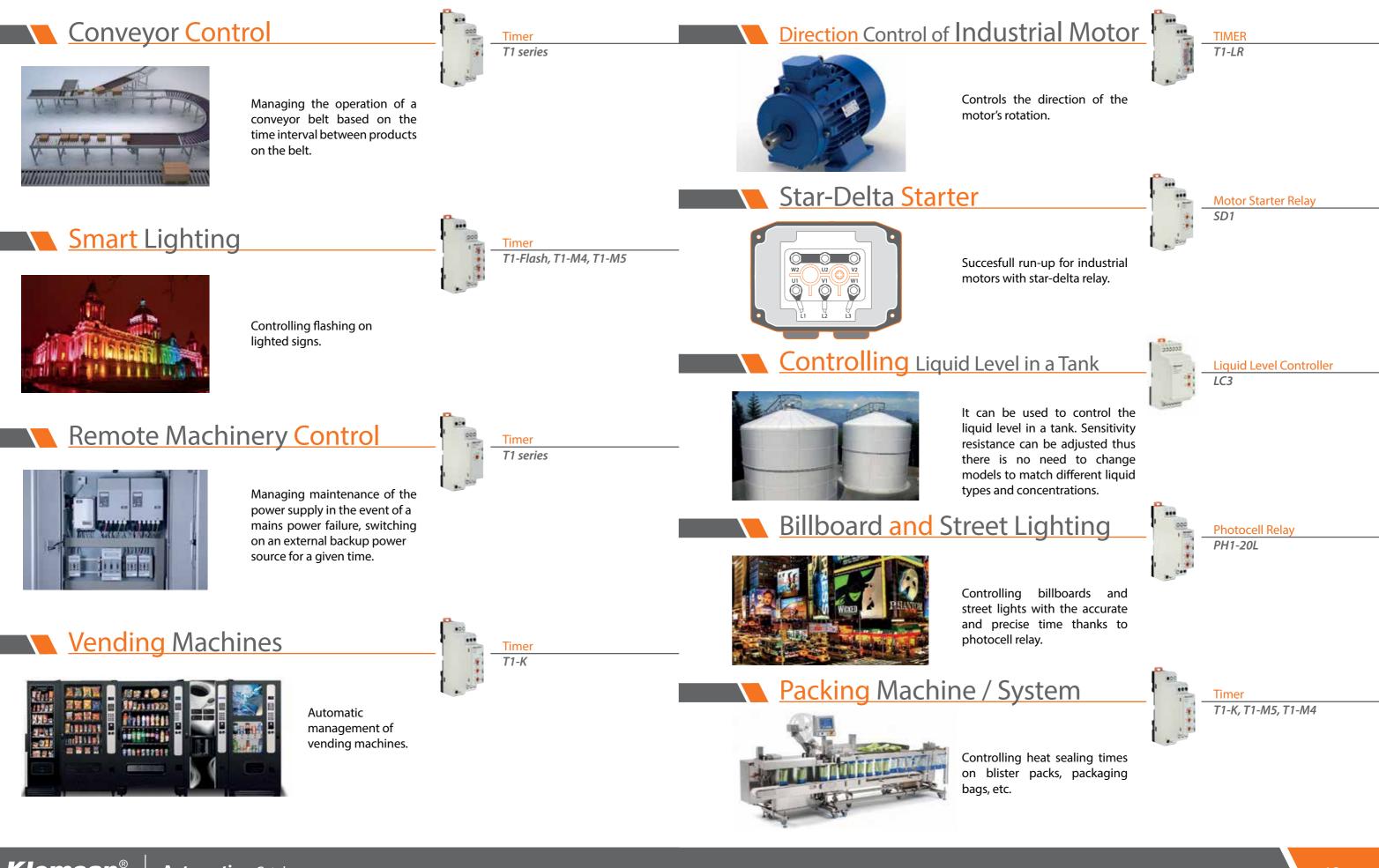
# Which actions are executed?

A timer can be used to start an action according to a predefined time or stop an action over a period of time. It can also add delay an action. It allows to control applications with its trigger input as well.



T1-K Multifunctional Timer







## Selection & Ordering Guide

													000000
Туре		T1-60S	T1-100S	T1-XS	T1-FLASH	T1-M4	Z1-M5	T1-M5	T1-K	T1-LR	SD1	PH1-20L	LC3
Timing Function		Single-functional	Single-functional	Single-functional	Single-functional	Multifunctional	Multifunctional	Multifunctional	Multifunctional	Single-functional	Single-functional	Single-functional	Single-functional
Definiton		On delay timer	On delay timer	On delay timer	Off flasher timer	Multimode timer	Multimode timer	Multimode timer	Multimode timer with trigger input	Left-right timer	Star-delta timer	Photocell relay with an external photocell sensor	Liquid level controller
Order Number		270350	270359	270357	270351	270355	270373	270353	270354	270356	270358	270050	270001
Casing Width(mm)		17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	36
Connections		Screw terminal	Screw terminal	Screw terminal	Screw terminal	Screw terminal	Screw terminal	Screw terminal					
Functions		ND	ND	xs	Foff	ND,FD,Fon,Foff	ND,FD,NFD, Fon,Foff	ND,FD,NFD, Fon,Foff	a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,k	LR	SD	PHL	LC
Type of Output	1	Relay	Relay	Relay	Relay	Relay	Relay	Relay	Relay	Two Relays	Two Relays	Relay	Relay
	Туре	1 C/O (SPDT)	1 C/O (SPDT)	1 C/O (SPDT)	2 x C/O	2 x C/O	1 C/O (SPDT)	1 C/O (SPDT)					
Auxiliary contacts	Max ratings-AC (for NO side)	5A/250V; 1250 VA	5A/250V; 1250 VA	5A/250V; 1250 VA	5A/250V; 1250 VA	5A/250V; 1250 VA	5A/250V; 1250 VA	5A/250V; 1250 VA					
	Max ratings-DC (for NO side)	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W	5A/30VDC; 150W
	Mechanical life time	$\geq 10^7$ operations	$\geq 10^7$ operations	$\geq 10^7$ operations	$\geq 10^7$ operations	$\geq 10^7$ operations	$\geq 10^7$ operations	$\geq 10^7$ operations					
	Electrical life time operations (for NO side)	5×10 <sup>4</sup> (5A@250VAC) 1×10 <sup>5</sup> (5A@30VDC)	5×10⁴(5A@250VAC) 1×10⁵(5A@30VDC)	5×10 <sup>4</sup> (5A@250VAC) 1×10⁵(5A@30VDC)	5×10 <sup>4</sup> (5A@250VAC) 1×10 <sup>5</sup> (5A@30VDC)	5×10⁴(5A@250VAC) 1×10⁵(5A@30VDC)	5×10⁴(5A@250VAC) 1×10⁵(5A@30VDC)	5×10⁴(5A@250VAC) 1×10⁵(5A@30VDC)					
Adjustment of Tim	ing-1 & Timing-2	-	-	-	independent	independent	dependent	dependent	-	independent	independent	independent	-
Time Dange	Timing-1	1s =>60s	1s =>100s	1s =>2559s	0.1s =>10d	1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	1s =>30s	1s =>45s	0.1s =>1s
Time Range	Timing-2	-	-	-	0.1s =>10d	1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	0.1s =>10d	-	0.1s =>10d	20ms=>500ms	1s =>45s	-
Lux adjustment ra	nge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1-20Lux	-
Sensitivity adjustr	nent range	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5-100kΩ
	DC	24-300 VDC	24VDC	24-300 VDC	24-300 VDC	24-300 VDC	12VDC	24-300 VDC	24-300 VDC	24-300 VDC	-	24-300 VDC	-
Supply Voltage	AC	24-300 VAC	24VAC or 180- 265 VAC	24-300 VAC	24-300 VAC	24-300 VAC	12VAC or 180-265 VAC	24-300 VAC	24-300 VAC	24-300 VAC	150-500 VAC	24-300 VAC	150-500 VAC
Supply Frequency		35-70 Hz	35-70 Hz	35-70 Hz	35-70 Hz	35-70 Hz	35-70 Hz	35-70 Hz					
Trigger Input Volta	age	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24-300 VAC/DC	-	-	-	-
Permissible	During operation	-20 to +60 °C	-20 to +60 °C	-20 to +60 °C	-20 to +60 °C	-20 to +60 °C	-20 to +60 °C	-20 to +60 °C					
ambient temperature	During storage	-40 to +75 °C	-40 to +75 °C	-40 to +75 °C	-40 to +75 °C	-40 to +75 °C	-40 to +75 °C	-40 to +75 °C					
Relative Humidity		Max. 95% (no condensation)	Max. 95% (no condensation	Max. 95% (no condensation	Max. 95% (no condensation	Max. 95% (no condensation	Max. 95% (no condensation	Max. 95% (no condensation	Max. 95% (no condensation				
Recovery time		Max. 100ms	Max. 100ms	Max. 100ms	Max. 100ms	Max. 100ms	Max. 100ms	Max. 100ms					
Degree of protecti	on	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20
Power	DC	<1.25W	<1W	<1.25W	<1.25W	<1.25W	<1.25W	<1.25W	<1.25W	<1.25W	<1.25W	<1.25W	-
consumption	AC	<2.5VA	<13VA	<2.5VA	<2.5VA	<2.5VA	<2.5VA	<2.5VA	<2.5VA	<2.5VA	<2.5VA	<2.5VA	<7VA
Weight(gr)		57	57	62	60	60	60	60	66	70	70	63	82
weight(gr)		57	57	02	00	00	00	00	00	70	70	05	02

## Time & Control Management Solutions

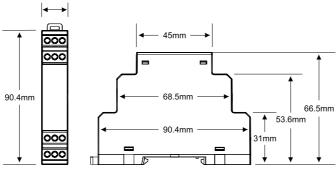


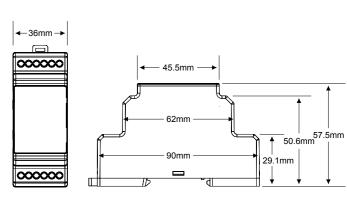


## **Selection & Ordering Guide**

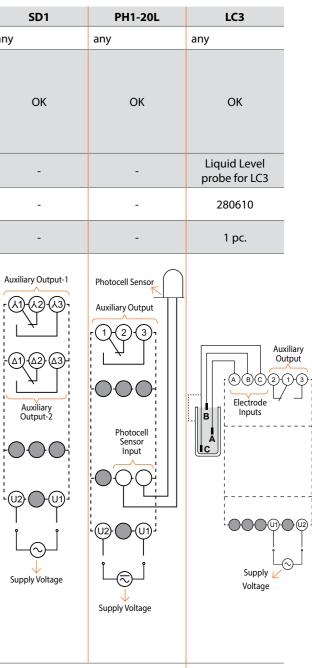
Туре		T1-60S	T1-100S	T1-XS	T1-FLASH	T1-M4	Z1-M5	T1-M5	T1-K	T1-LR	
Permissible mou	nting position	any	any	any	any	any	any	any	any	any	any
EMC-EMI	55011/A1, 61000-4-2, 61000-4-3/A1, 61000-4-4, 61000-4-5, 61000-4-6, 61000-4-8, 61000-4-11	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	-	ОК	ОК	ОК	
	Liquid Level Definiton Electrode	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accessories	Order Number	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Packaging unit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sch	ematics	Auxiliary Output	Auxiliary Output	Auxiliary Output	Auxiliary Output	Auxiliary Output	Auxiliary Output	Auxiliary Output	T Trigger Input Auxiliary Output 123	Auxiliary Output-1	
					17.5mm   <b>←→</b>						-36mm







Klemsan® Automation Catalogue Time & Control Management Solutions



## **Function** Diagrams



**Time & Control** Management Solutions

The output relay is initially de-energized and energized when a contact closure on T contact is detected. A contact triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. Reclosure of the contact on T contact before the time delay is expired restarts time delay, t, and keeps the output relay energized.

The output relay is initially de-energized. A contact closure on T contact both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is instensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when time delay, t, expired.

The output relay is initially de-energized. A state change of the T contact from closed to open both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is insensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when time delay, t, expired.

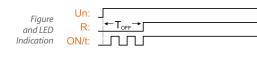
The output relay is initially de-energized. A contact closure on T contact triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which energizes the output relay when expired. Similarly contact release of T contact triggers the time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. Delay time, t, is cleared when the contact state of T contact changes.

The output relay is initially de-energized. A state change on T contact both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which deenergizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is insensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when time delay, t, expired.

The output relay is initially de-energized. If T contact is open, adjustable time delay, t, counts down and output relay energizes when t is expired. Any contact closure on T contact pauses the count down process and the process continues when the contact release on T contact occurs. A contact release is needed to restart the cycle, after the output relay is energized.

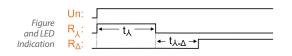
## **Function** Diagrams

XS function / On delay adjustment for each second



T1-XS is an ON delay timer thet allows a sensitive time setting from 1 to 2559 seconds with 1 second increments. The output relay is initially deenergized and energized after the time delay t is expired.

SD function / Star-Delta operation



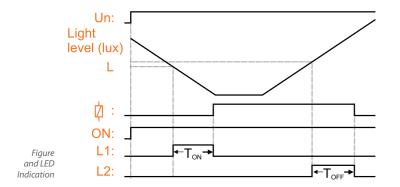
When the energy applied to device, star relay is energized until the end of the adjustable  $_{t_{\lambda}}$  time. At the end of the adjusted delay time  $_{t_{\lambda}-\Delta}$  , delta relay is energized until the device is powered off.

#### LR function / Left-Right operation

	Un:	
	R <sub>1-3</sub> :	
	R <sub>4-6</sub> :	
Figure and LED	॑ :	
ndication	ON/t:	

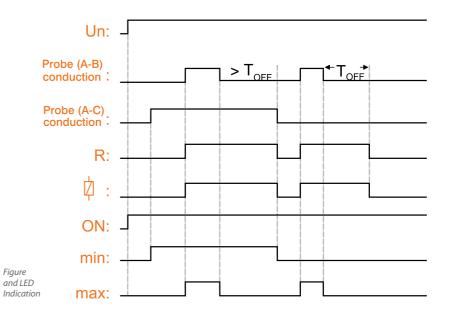
Initially first relay is energized. After the adjustable time delay t<sub>an</sub>, relay is de-energized. Both relays are de-energized during the adjustable time delay t<sub>-"</sub>. At the end of t<sub>-"</sub>, second relay energizes. Second relay stays in this position during t. When t finished both relays are de-energized. This cycle is repeated continuously.

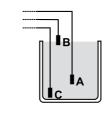
#### PHL function / Photocell operation



PH1-20L photocell relay measures the luminous intensity by means of a photocell sensor. On-off thereshold value is adjusted in the range of 1-20 lux, via the front adjustment dial. The output relay is energized when the ambient light level is below the adjusted limit. On and off delays are adjustable between 1 and 45 seconds, via the front panel knobs. On delay is adjusted by t knob, and off delay is adjusted by t<sub>eff</sub> knob.

#### LC function / Liquid Level Operation





#### 3 electrodes mode:

level.



### 2 electrodes mode:

For 2 electrodes mode of operation, A and B electrodes are used. When level of liquid in the tank reaches to electrode B, output relay is activated. When the liquid level drops below electrode B and continually stays there for the adjustable time delay (adjusted on the front panel knob); output relay will be de-energized.



When the level of liquid in the tank reaches to electrode B, the output relay is activated and stays in this position even if the level drops below the electrode B level. The output relay is deactivated when the liquid level drops below the electrode A level. Re-activation occurs when the level reaches to the electrode B

# Klemsan<sup>®</sup> Timers

		OPERATION MODE	FUNCTION ILLUSTRATION	FUNCTION STATEMENT
Operating voltage Adjustment values	24 300V AC/DC 24V AC/DC or 180265V AC (T1-100S, T1-30S)	on delay (mode: a, ND)	On/t: JJJJJJ R: M1: M2:	The output relay is initially de-energized and energized after an adjustable time delay, $t_{\rm str}$
Time range : (T1-M5, (T1-M5, T1-FLASH, T1-K) Time range :	1s : 1 second 1h : 1 hour   10s : 10 seconds 10h : 10 hours   100s : 100 seconds 100h : 100 hours   1m : 1 minute 1d : 1 day   10m : 10 minutes 10d : 10 days	off delay (mode: b, FD)	On/t: _/ R: _/←T <sub>ON</sub> → M1: _/ M2:	The output relay is initially energized and de-energized after an adjustable time delay, $t_{\rm sc},$
(T1-M4)	ON (1) OFF (0) $t_{on}$ (4.5.6), $t_{off}$ (1.2.3) $t_{on}$ (4.5.6), $t_{off}$ (1.2.3) $t_{off}$ (1.2.3.3) $t_{off}$ (1.2.3.3) $t_{off}$ (1.2.3.3)	on-off delay (mode: NFD)	On/t: R: M1: M2:	The output relays is initially de-energized and energized after an adjustable time delay, $t_{\rm sn}$ , and stays energized for an adjustable period, $t_{\rm sn}$ , and then de-energized.
t <sub>on</sub> , t <sub>off</sub> multiplier value : (T1-M5, T1-FLASH)	010 : 100 seconds 10 : on flasher 011 : 10 minutes 11 : off flasher 100 : 60 minutes 101 : 10 hours 110 : 100 hours 111 : 10 days 0.1 - 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.4 - 0.5 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.8 0.9 - 1	on flasher (mode: Fon)	On/t: $\int$ R: $f \to T_{OP} \to T_{OP} \to F_{ON} \to T_{OP} \to T$	The output relays is initially energized and de- energized after an adjustable time delay, t <sub>an</sub> , and stays de-energized for an adjustable period, t <sub>an</sub> , and then energized. This loop is repeated until the device is powered off. "On/t" led flashes at Fo and Foff mode for "T1-M4" product.
t multiplier value : (T1-K) t, t <sub>on</sub> , t <sub>off</sub> timer : time range :	0.1 - 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.4 - 0.5 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.8 0.9 - 1 (time range) x (multiplier value) 1 60 seconds (T1-60S, T1-60S2) 1 100 seconds (T1-100S)	off flasher (mode: g, Foff)	On/t: $\int$ R: $+T_{OFF} \rightarrow +T_{ON} \rightarrow +T_{OFF} \rightarrow -$ M1: $\int \int \int$	The output relay is initially de-energized and energized after an adjustable time delay, t <sub>m</sub> , and stays energized for an adjustable period, t <sub>m</sub> , and then de-energized. This loop is repeated until th device is powered off. "On/t" led flashes at Fon and Foff mode for "T1-M4" product.
Output contact Maximum switching current Maximum switching voltage Maximum switching power	1 30 seconds (T1-30S) 1 C/O 10A 250V AC 1250VA	on delay with control input (mode: c)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	The output relay is initially de-energized. A contr closure on T contact triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which energizes the output relay when expired. The output relay stays energized as lor as the T contact is active. Delay time, t, is cleare when the contact on T contact opens.
Operating temperature Storage temperature Protection class Connection	-20°C 60°C -40°C 75°C IP20 Rail mounted	off delay with control input (mode: d)	On/t: $\int \cdots \int t \rightarrow \int t < t$ R: $\int \cdots \int t \rightarrow \int t < t$ M1: $\int \cdots \int t \rightarrow \int t < t$ M2: $\int$	The output relay is initially de-energized and energized when a contact closure on T contact i detected. A contact release on T contact trigger an adjustable time delay, t which de-energizes output relay when expired. Reclosure of the con on T contact before the time delay is expired res time delay, t, and keeps the output relay energize
17.5mm  ←→  ↑ 000 ↓		rising edge triggered off delay (mode: e)	$\begin{array}{c} O_{n/t:} & J_{1}J_{1}J_{1}J_{1}J_{1}J_{1}J_{1}J_{1}$	The output relay is initially de-energized. A cont closure on T contact both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, w de-energizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is insensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when tim delay, t, expired.
	→ 31mm ↓ ↓	falling edge triggered off delay (mode: f)	$\begin{array}{c} On/t:  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \$	The output relay is initially de-energized. A statt change of the contact on T contact from closed open both energizes the output relay and trigge an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expired. During the time delay, T contact is insensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when time delay, t, expired
		on and off delay with control input (mode: h)	$\begin{array}{c} On/t: & I_{I}(I) & I_{I}(I) \\ T: & \_ & \underbrace{\leftarrow t \rightarrow} & [\prec t] \\ R: & \underbrace{\leftarrow t \rightarrow} & I_{I}(I) \\ M: & I_{I}(I) & I_{I}(I) \\ I_{I}(I) & I_{I}(I) \\ I_{I}(I) & I_{I}(I) & I_{I}(I) & I_{I}(I) \\ I (I) & I_{I}(I) & I_{I}(I) & I_{I}(I) \\ I (I) & I_{I}(I) & I (I) & I (I) & I (I) & I (I) \\ I (I) & I$	The output relay is initially de-energized. A cont closure on T contact triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which energizes the output relay when expired. Similarly contact release of T contact triggers the time delay, t, which de-energizes th output relay when expired. Delay time, t, is clea when the contact state of T contact changes.
		adjustable pulse output with control input (mode: i)	$\begin{array}{c} On/t: & \underbrace{U}_{1} $	The output relay is initially de-energized. A stat change on T contact both energizes the output relay and triggers an adjustable time delay, t, which de-energizes the output relay when expi During the time delay, T contact is insensitive to state changes and becomes sensitive when tim delay, t, expired.
@ <b>@</b> @ @ <b>@</b> @	₽ <b>₽₽</b>    '0@@' 	on delay with memory (mode: k)	On/t: ///////////////////////////////////	The output relay is initially de-energized. If T contact is open, adjustable time delay, t, counts down and output relay energizes when t is expi Any contact closure on T contact pauses the cc down process, and the process continues when contact release on T contact occurs. A contact release is needed to restart the cycle, after the output relay is energized.

type	control input	mode	time range	order no
T1-60S		ND	1 60sec	270 350
T1-FLASH		Foff	0.1sec 10days	270 351
T1-60S2		ND	1 60sec	270 352
T1-M5		ND,FD,NFD,Fon,Foff	0.1sec 10days	270 353
T1-K	<	a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,k	0.1sec 10days	270 354
T1-M4		ND,FD,Fon,Foff	1sec 10days	270 355
T1-100S		ND	1 100sec	270 359
T1-30S		ND	1 30sec	270 363